

## Percent of Population that is Foreign Born



Total Population

Rank	State	Percent	Lower Bound	Upper Bound
	<b>United States</b>	<b>11.8</b>	<b>11.6</b>	<b>12.0</b>
1	California	26.9	26.6	27.2
2	New York	20.9	20.6	21.2
3	New Jersey	18.9	18.4	19.4
4	Florida	17.9	17.6	18.2
4	Hawaii	17.9	16.3	19.6
6	Nevada	17.0	15.8	18.2
7	Texas	15.2	14.7	15.7
8	District of Columbia	14.6	13.8	15.4
9	Arizona	13.2	12.4	14.0
10	Illinois	13.1	12.6	13.6
10	Massachusetts	13.1	12.6	13.6
12	Connecticut	12.1	11.3	12.9
13	Rhode Island	11.6	10.9	12.3
14	Maryland	10.8	10.3	11.3
15	Washington	10.7	10.0	11.4
16	Colorado	9.8	9.1	10.5
17	Oregon	9.0	8.5	9.5
18	New Mexico	8.9	7.6	10.2
19	Virginia	8.8	8.5	9.1
20	Georgia	7.7	7.4	8.0
21	Utah	7.1	6.4	7.8
22	Minnesota	6.4	6.1	6.7
23	Delaware	6.1	5.4	6.8
24	North Carolina	6.0	5.7	6.3
25	Michigan	5.5	5.2	5.8
26	Alaska	5.4	4.9	5.9
26	Idaho	5.4	4.9	5.9
28	Pennsylvania	4.6	4.3	4.9
29	New Hampshire	4.5	4.0	5.0
30	Nebraska	4.4	4.1	4.7
31	Kansas	4.2	3.5	4.9
31	Oklahoma	4.2	3.9	4.5
33	Wisconsin	4.0	3.7	4.3
34	Vermont	3.8	3.3	4.3
35	Iowa	3.5	3.0	4.0
35	South Carolina	3.5	3.0	4.0
37	Indiana	3.4	3.1	3.7
38	Ohio	3.3	3.1	3.5
38	Tennessee	3.3	3.0	3.6
40	Missouri	3.1	2.8	3.4
41	Maine	3.0	2.5	3.5
42	Arkansas	2.9	2.6	3.2
43	Alabama	2.6	2.1	3.1
43	Louisiana	2.6	2.3	2.9
45	Wyoming	2.4	1.7	3.1
46	Kentucky	2.1	1.9	2.3
46	North Dakota	2.1	1.6	2.6
48	South Dakota	1.9	1.7	2.1
49	Montana	1.6	1.3	1.9
50	West Virginia	1.2	0.9	1.5
51	Mississippi	1.1	0.9	1.3

**Source:** U.S. Census Bureau, 2002 American Community Survey

The table above shows the margin of error, represented by the lower and upper bounds of the 90-percent confidence interval. The confidence interval gives a range of values likely to include the population true value. The smaller the confidence interval the more precise the estimate of the characteristic of interest.

An 'N' entry in the estimate, lower bound, and upper bound columns indicates that data for this geographic area cannot be displayed because the number of sample cases is too small.